

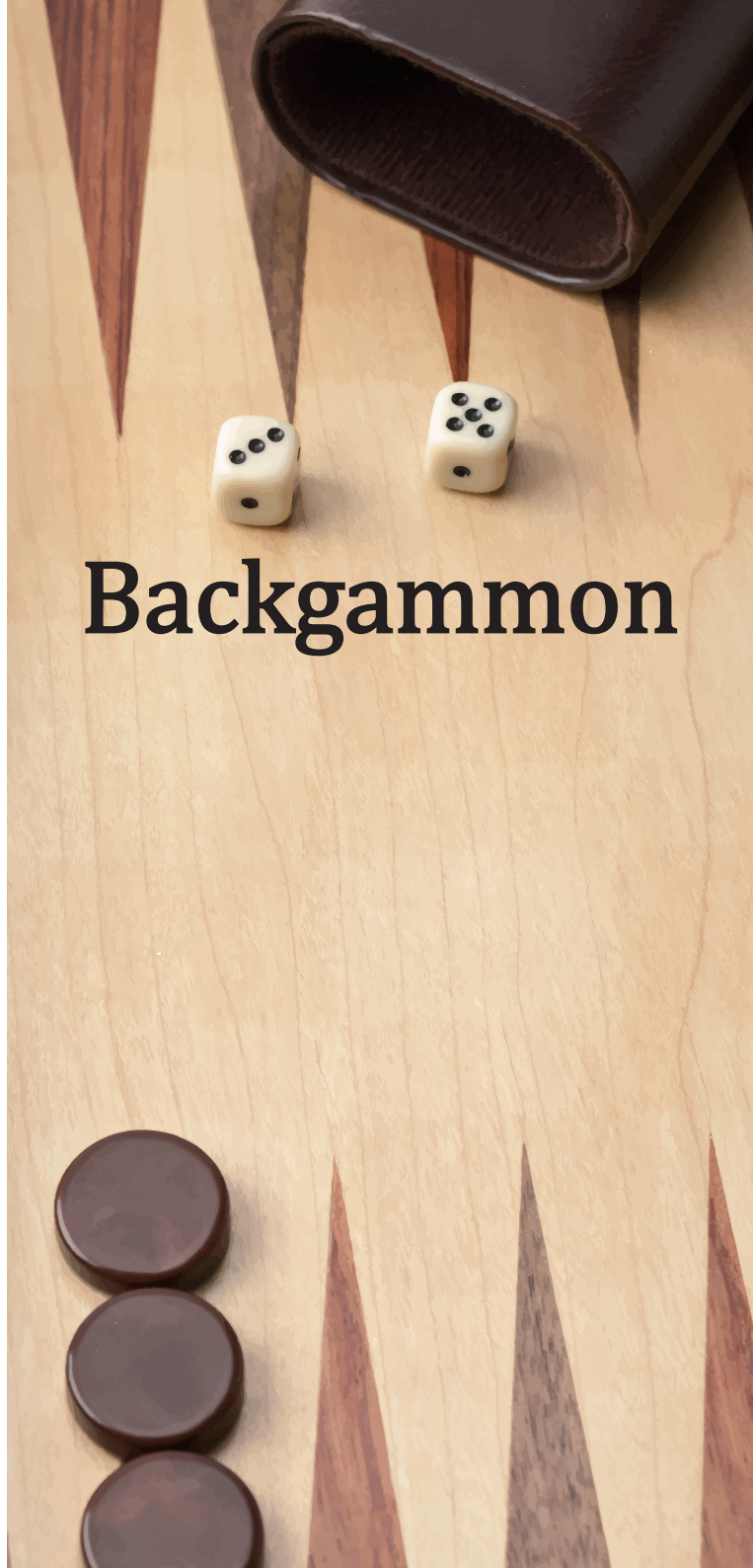


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# Backgammon



# Backgammon

Backgammon is one of the oldest board games with origins dating as far back as 3000 BC. It is a game of luck and strategy, popular around the world. Easy to learn and fun to play, it is no wonder why it has withstood the test of time and is played by so many people.

## Equipment

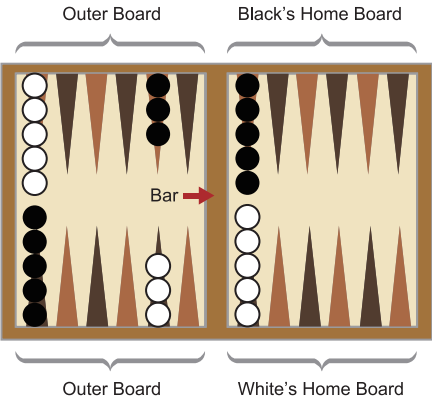
The game is played by two players, each with fifteen **checkers** of their own color.

Each player also has their own pair of dice and a dice cup.

A doubling cube with the numbers 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64 is used for tracking the stakes of the round.

The board consists of 24 long triangles called **points** or **pips**. The triangles alternate in color and are divided into four quadrants of six triangles each. The four quadrants are the player's **home board** and **outer board**, and the opponent's home board and outer board. The home boards and outer boards are separated by a divider down the middle referred to as the **bar**.

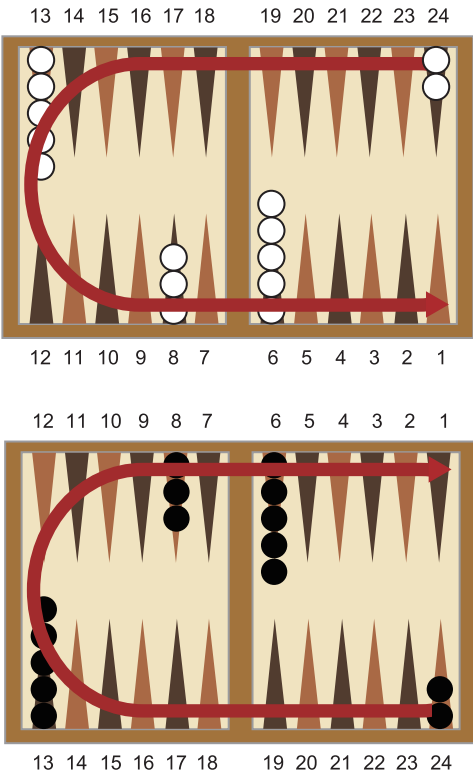
The starting positions of the pieces are arranged as shown below.



The points are numbered starting at 24 in the opponent's home board and ending at 1 in the player's own home board.

## Your Goal

The objective of the game is to move all of one's own checkers to the home board and then remove (**bear off**) the pieces from the board entirely. The players move their checkers in opposing direction following a horseshoe path as illustrated.

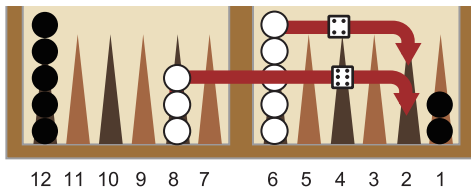


## Gameplay

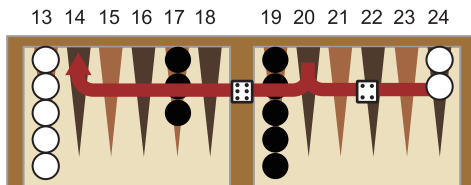
To start the game, each player rolls a single die and the player with the higher number moves first using both numbers rolled. If both players roll the same number, the dice are rolled again until they roll different numbers. The players then alternate turns, rolling two dice at the beginning of each turn. The dice must always be rolled together and land flat on the right-hand side of the game board. If either die lands outside the board or on a checker, both dice must be rolled again.

## Moving

- The dice roll determines how many points the player is supposed to move their checker. The checker always moves forward following the horseshoe path towards the player's home board.
- A point that is not occupied by two or more opposing checkers is an open point. When moving a checker it may land only on an open point.
- The two dice constitute two separate movements. For example, if a player rolls a 6 and a 4, they may move one checker 6 spaces to an open point and another checker 4 spaces to an open point.



The player may also choose to move the same checker twice, as long as each move is onto an open point.

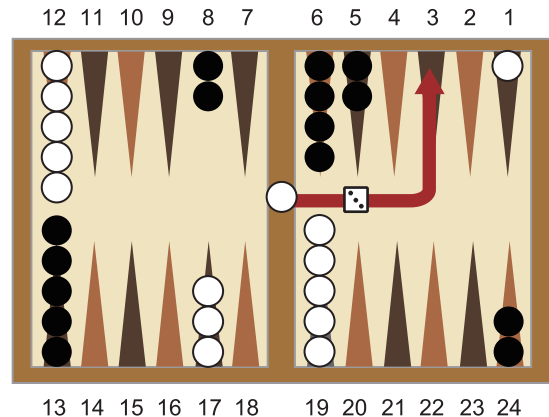


- When a double is rolled the numbers on the dice are played twice. For example if a player rolls two fives, they may move their checkers five points, four times in any combination landing on open points.
- A player must move both numbers rolled if possible (four numbers if a double is rolled). If only one of the numbers can be played because only one open point is available, the player must play that number. If either number can be played but not both, then the larger number must be played. If neither number can be played, the player loses their turn. If a player cannot play all four numbers in the case of a double, the player must play as many numbers as possible.

## Hitting

An open point containing one opposing checker is a blot. When a checker is moved onto a blot, the blot is hit, and the opposing checker that has been hit is placed on the bar.

When a player has one or more checkers on the bar they must first re-enter them onto the opponent's home board. A checker enters by rolling two dice and moving it to the corresponding point of one of the numbers on the opponent's home board.

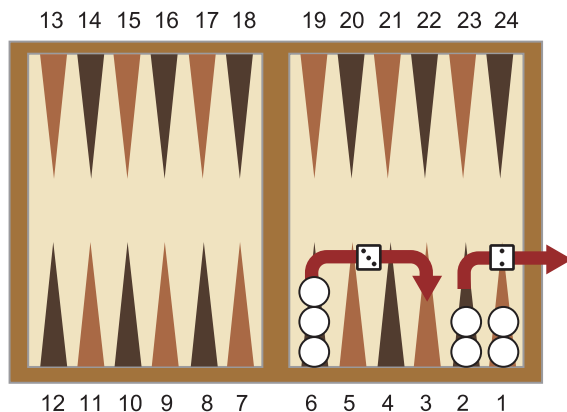


If the checker(s) on the bar cannot enter onto an open point, the player loses their turn and the checker(s) remain on the bar. A player cannot move any other piece until all their checkers are off the bar. If a player is able to enter some but not all of their checkers off the bar, their turn is finished. If a player's checker(s) have been moved off the bar, any unused number must be played.

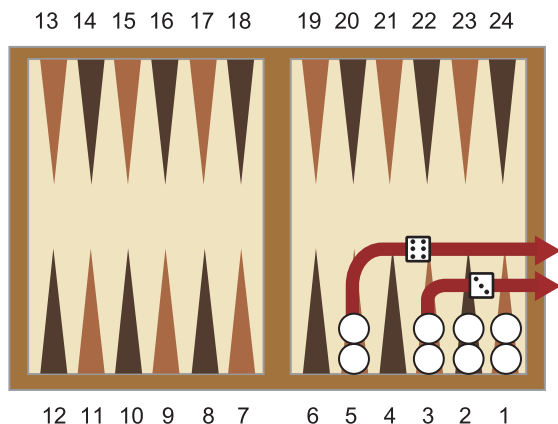
## Bearing Off

When all of a player's checkers are in their home board, they can begin a process of removing them called **bearing off**. This is done by rolling a number corresponding to a point with a checker residing on it.

If no checker can bear off with the number(s) rolled, the player must make a legal move(s) with a checker from a higher point.



If there are no checkers on higher number points, then the player bears off with a checker from the next highest point.



## Gammon and Backgammon

At the end of the game, if a player has borne off all fifteen of their checkers and the opponent has borne off at least one checker, that player wins the current stake. If the opponent has not borne off any checkers, then the opponent loses a gammon and loses double the current stakes. If the opponent has not borne off any checkers and still has one or more checkers on the bar or in the winner's home board, the opponent loses a backgammon and loses triple the current stakes.

## Doubling

A doubling cube is used to increase the stakes at any point in the game. At the start of the game the doubling cube is placed on the bar with 64 facing upwards. Before the roll on a player's turn, that player may propose to **double** the current stakes. The opponent either accepts (**takes**) the doubled stakes or resigns (**drops**) and loses the match and the current stakes. If the opponent takes the player becomes the owner of the cube and the cube is turned over so that 2 is facing upwards. Thereafter, only the owner of the cube may propose to double the stakes again (**redouble**). If the opponent takes, the ownership of the cube passes to the player and this process can continue from 4 to 8 and onward. There are no limits to redoubles, even if no checkers remain, even though the highest number on the cube is 64."



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